# ways to learn more about Indigenous stories of Nogojiwanong

❖ Visit the First Peoples House of Learning at Trent University and attend their events:



- 1) Traditional Teachings with An Indigenous Elder (every Wednesday evening during the school year)
- 2) The Annual Elders Gathering
- 3) The Annual Women's Symposium
- 4) The Annual Trent University Pow Wow
- Check out events with CRRC (Community Race Relations)
- ❖ Visit a local First Nations community (Curve Lake, Hiawatha, Alderville)
- ❖ Visit Petroglyphs Provincial Park



# a place at the end of the rapids

A zine to raise awareness about decolonization and honour Indigenous stories of Nogojiwanong (Peterborough)





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The Community Race Relations Committee of Peterborough (CRRC), is a volunteer-based non-profit community based organization working to encourage and promote equitable race relations by providing anti-racism services including public education, advocacy and consultations.

Recently, the CRRC has been working to develop resources on decolonization while facilitating workshops that encourage positive relations between Settlers and Indigenous people of Nogojiwanong/Peterborough.

This zine is part of a project developed by ieierhes karolyn givogue, the current coordinator in partnership with the Trent Centre for Community Based Education.

#### about the author

Hello/Aanii\*/She:kon\*\*

My name is Alicia Del Mastro. I am a settler to Nogojiwanong, also known as Peterborough. As a non-Indignenous person dedicated to a journey of 'decolonization'', I can not write on behalf of Indigenous people, but rather hope that this zine will bring awareness of decolonization journeys and Indigenous stories of Nogojiwanong that are still very much alive. I hope to inspire settlers to uncover their own Indigenous stories while taking responsibility for their role in 'colonization'.

The content in this zine comes from my own understanding based on the work of researchers and activists dedicated to 'decolonization', conversations with local elders and feedback from diverse community members.

Thank-you/Miigwetch\*/Nia:wen\*\* (\*Anishinaabe, \*\*Mohawk)

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## introducing Nogojiwanong

The original name for this land is Nogojiwanong, in Anishinaabemowin.

Anishinaabemowin is the language of the Anishinaabe (Ojibway), who are one of the groups of people who have traditionally **depended** on this **land** for their **survival** for thousands of years. This place is **their traditional territory**. Translated into English, Nogojiwanong means 'place at the end of the rapids'.

The waterways surrounding Nogojiwanong are very important to the first peoples of this land. The Ode'nabe (known as the Otonabee River), meaning 'river that beats like a heart' was home to salmon who provided the people with a source of food. Just as the **heart beat** provides life, the river provided life to the people.

The river also offered a route to travel along for Anishinaabe and Haudenosaunee people who would come to meet and exchange knowledge at the place located at the end of the rapids.

Indigenous history of Nogojiwanong is confirmed through oral teachings that have been passed down through generations and in petroglyphs at sites such as **Petroglyphs Provincial Park**.

Sources: 1) Simpson, L. (2008). Lighting the eighth fire. Winnipeg: Arbeiter Ring Publishing.

2) Simpson, L. (2011). Dancing on Our Turtle's Back: Nishnaabeg Re-Creation, Resurgence and a New Emergence. Winnipeg: Arbeiter Ring

3) Sustainable Trent Website. Nogojiwanong: The Place at the Foot of the Rapids. Retrieved from http://sustainabletrent.org/nogojiwanong/

# recognizing colonial stories of 'Peterborough'

Nogojiwanong is also often referred to by it's settler-colonial name, Peterborough.

The story of 'Peterborough' began in 1825, when a man from a well-known United Empire Loyalist family was asked to setup a colony here. This man's name was Peter Robinson and he came to this land where the river beats like a heart bringing over 2000 Irish immigrants with him. Whether the immigrants knew that this land had a long history and even a name already did not matter. They named their new home after the man who had 'discovered' it and began clearing off the land for farming and urban development.

Peterborough is a very typical name for a 'colonized' place. The naming of a place after a person is part of the **colonization** process. Through celebrating and embracing the colonial story of Peterborough, the settlers too often cover up the Indigenous stories of Nogojiwanong.

Colonization\*: the invasion and destruction of a peoples social, political, economic, cultural and spiritual life and/or relationships with their land by a dominant group.

\* CRRC's definition

To settlers, it is much easier to see and hear the colonial stories of Nogojiwanong as they appear in signs, names of places and 'historic landmarks'. However, it is important to recognize how colonization has affected the stories we are told of the people's whose land we have settled upon.

Sources: Peterborough Historical Society. Peter Robinson Plaque. (Erected along the Otonabee River Trail in Millennium Park)

#### what is decolonization?

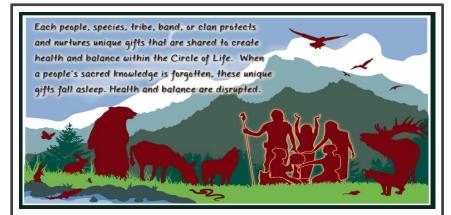
Simply defined, 'decolonization' is the 'undoing' of colonization by bringing back, or restoring, Indigenous culture, spiritual practices, beliefs and knowledge. It also involves reclaiming land that had once been traditional territory.

#### Decolonization:

- \* is a journey or process. Decolonization is **NOT an endpoint**...it is an action word, it is alive!
- ❖ focus on Indigenous land, sovereignty and ways of living;
- awakens Indigenous lifeway for both those resisting colonization AND the colonizer;
- looks different for every individual and/or community of people;
- has no road map...just a need for honesty, understanding, deep listening and selfreflection

Sources: Awakening the Horse People. What is Decolonization? Retrieved from http://awakeningthehorse.wordpress.com/de-colonize-2/what-is-decolonization/

# why decolonization matters

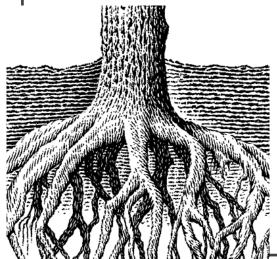


- \* re-connect with the places we come from, and the ways of life that shaped our ancestor's experience and continue to live hidden within ourselves;
- \* reawaken the identity of who we are in a line of people from ancient ancestors to future generations;
- \* restore a sacred way of life through relationships with the animals, plants, and other living relatives who made our lives possible;
- become more effective allies in anti-racist action, solidarity work, and resistance struggles of Indigenous people and other people of color;
- \*make healing of historic traumas possible for ourselves, and for Indigenous people who suffer from colonization and genocide.

Sources: Awakening the Horse People. Why decolonization matters? Retrieved from http://awakeningthehorse.wordpress.com/de-colonize-2/what-is-decolonization

#### why stories matter

- there is power in the stories we tell. Along with our genetics, stories are what we pass on to our children, grand children, great grandchildren and so on
- they inform future generations of our past relations with each other, who we are and how we interact with each other
- through telling our stories and listening to diverse stories of Nogojiwanong we find strengths in our people and those who carry different values, beliefs, worldviews



The truth about stories is, that's all we are.

- Thomas King

## settler responsibilities

Decolonization calls for reviving Indigenous culture. As a settler to Nogojiwanong, it is important to work towards decolonizing our stories.

There are many things we can do including:

- ❖ refer to 'Peterborough' as Nogojiwanong and use other Indigenous language to refer to people and places
- **❖acknowledge** the **first peoples** whose **territory** we have come to settle upon
- ❖root yourself in the Indigenous history of the land and uncover your own Indigenous ancestoral history
- understand the full effects of colonization on you/your own people while taking responsibility for your own role in colonization
- **❖ support Indigenous people** working towards **decolonization** without leading
- ❖always question the stories you hear of Nogojiwanong/Peterborough and ask what is missing (the Indigenous stories!)

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